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VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD
B.E. II Year II-Semester Main & Backlog Examinations, May-2017

Mathematics-IV
(CSE, ECE & Mech. Engg.)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B

Part-A (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)

- Find $L(e^{2t} \cos^2 t)$
- Find $L^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{s(s^2+a^2)}\right)$
- Given $F(e^{-x^2}) = \sqrt{\pi} e^{-\frac{s^2}{4}}$, find the Fourier transform of $e^{-\frac{x^2}{3}}$
- Find the Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } |x| < 1 \\ 0 & \text{for } |x| > 1 \end{cases}$
- Find $Z(e^{-an} n)$
- Find $Z^{-1}\left(\frac{5z}{(2-z)(3z-1)}\right)$
- Show that \bar{z} is not analytic at any point in the Z- plane.
- Evaluate using Cauchy's integral formula $\oint_C \frac{z^3-2z+1}{(z-1)^2} dz$ where $C: |z| = 2$
- Obtain the Taylor's series expansion of $\cos z$ about $z = \frac{\pi}{2}$
- Classify the singular points of $f(z) = \frac{z^2-1}{(z-1)^3}$

Part-B (5 × 10 = 50 Marks)

- Using Convolution theorem, find $L^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{(s^2+a^2)^2}\right)$ [5]
 - Solve using Laplace transforms $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dt} - 3y = \sin t$ given $y = \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$ at $t = 0$ [5]
- Solve the integral equation $\int_0^\infty f(x) \cos \alpha x dx = e^{-\alpha}$ [5]
 - Find the Fourier Cosine transform of e^{-ax} [5]
- State and prove Convolution theorem on Z-transform. [5]
 - Solve the difference equation $u_{n+2} + 3u_{n+1} - 4u_n = 0$ given $u_0 = 3, u_1 = -2$ using Z-transform. [5]
- Find the analytic function $f(z) = u + iv$, if $2u + v = e^x(\cos y - \sin y)$ [6]
 - Find the Laurent series expansion of $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)(z+3)}$ for [4]
 - $1 < |z| < 3$
 - $|z| > 3$

15. a) State and prove Cauchy's theorem on Residues . [5]
b) Evaluate $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{2+\sin\theta}$ using residue theorem [5]
16. a) Find $L\left(\frac{e^{-t}\sin t}{t}\right)$ [4]
b) State and prove Convolution theorem of Fourier transform. [6]
17. Answer any **two** of the following:
- a) Determine u_0, u_1 and u_2 of the sequence $\{u_n\}$ where $Z\{u_n\} = U(z) = \frac{(z-1)^2(z+2)}{(z+3)(z+5)^2}$ [5]
b) Find the imaginary part of the analytic function whose real part is $y + e^x \cos y$ [5]
c) Find the Bilinear transformation which maps the points $z = \infty, i, 0$ to $w = -1, -i, 1$ [5]
